

## BY AUTHORITY.



By order of the Minister of Interior sealed tenders will be received at the Office of the Road Supervisor till MONDAY, September 16th, at 12 o'clock noon, for Shooing the Government Horses and Mules, at per head, per month, for those being shod, for 6 months from October 1, 1889.

H. F. HEBBARD,  
Road Supervisor, Honolulu.  
Honolulu, Sept. 9, 1889. 347 1d

By order of the Minister of Interior sealed tenders will be received at the Office of the Road Supervisor till MONDAY, September 16th, at 12 o'clock noon, for Supplying the Government Stables with Feed, for six months, from October 1, 1889.

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## THE

## Daily Bulletin

Pledged to neither Sect nor Party,  
But established for the benefit of all.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 11, 1889.

The great Luck telescope is rendering a good account of itself. A comet was discovered by Mr. Brooks of Geneva on July 6. Prof. Holden early in August wrote from Lick Observatory that this comet had been regularly observed there, and, not only that, but it was found to have two companions, one of which had a decided tail. Besides, four other objects were described in the neighborhood which are believed to belong to the same family. Important additions to astronomical knowledge may be expected from the great observatory of California.

## AN OBJECTION.

The argument is heard that the Chinese ascendancy complained of cannot within a score of years, in the natural course of events, be materially checked by the proposed measures. It is contended that unless the agitators are content to wait a couple of decades for the desired relief in the death or voluntary departure of a considerable proportion of Chinese, they cannot be satisfied with the moderate restrictions proposed. These contemplate, as has surely with sufficient clearness and frequency been explained, leaving all Chinese now engaged in business or handicraft undisturbed. We have already shown cause why the demands being put forth at meetings should be deemed acceptable by planters. That is, because they include the privilege to that class of obtaining all the Chinese labor they require, subject to conditions of the laborers' registration and remaining in the country only while under contract to work. Now the objection to the agitation above presented calls for an answer. It would be a strong objection upon the presumption that the trade and industry of the country had reached high tide mark. It grows weaker in proportion as hopefulness takes possession of the mind with regard to the future development of the agricultural and commercial resources of the Kingdom. And surely there are symptoms in the times calculated to inspire enlarged anticipations of the country's future. The sounds of progress are in the air. The click of the inter-island telegraph is about to impart a stimulus to general business; and when before long the welcome spark of intelligence comes flashing under the ocean from the outside world, it will infuse new life and ambitions into the community. Railway communication on this island will develop new wealth in the environments of the capital city. The Oahu Railway will also be the forerunner of similar awakeners of deserts on the other islands to blooming toilet and industrial song. There will be fruit on every island from the persistent agitation, now sometimes ridiculed, in behalf of diversified industries. Before many years our chief port may confidently be expected to be the rendezvous for the commercial fleets of all nations, for which it will be eminently adapted and convenient upon the consummation of foreign telegraphic connection and the opening of a Central American canal between the two oceans. All these conditions will make skilled labor and trained talent at a premium in the islands,

and the probability is that with no more Chinese reinforcements to those now trading and operating mechanical crafts, these will not be grudging all that falls to them from the greatly increased demand for wares and work. There will moreover be many Chinese who have made their little pile dropping out of the country. We do not want any of them to die except those who fully owe the debt of nature, but the highlanders may be expected to kill a few of each other, and the law to get away with the killers. But, not to jest on a serious subject, there cannot fail to be a gradual decrease from Chinese going home and natural causes. Some, indeed, when they realize the foregone fact that this is not to be a Chinese country, will wind up their business affairs within a few years and, folding their tents, steal silently away. In discussing the elements of prospective internal development, too, account must be taken of the impartation of confidence in the country, both at home and abroad, which will undoubtedly be wrought through our adoption of the motto, "Hawaii for civilization!" All these considerations when thoughtfully turned over lead to a strong conviction that there is a great deal to be hoped for, beginning in the immediate future, from a policy of Chinese restriction out of which all injustice to Chinese vested rights is eliminated. Our position will certainly never be improved by doing nothing and leaving the question to the fitful contingencies of succeeding Legislatures varying in temper as well as in circumstances of election.

## THE SILENCE BROKEN.

[COMMUNICATED.]

The long silence that the P. C. A. has kept during the present Anti-Chinese agitation, broken by the force of public opinion for the first time this morning, reminds one of the Chinaman, who, when raided while gambling with others, disappears into a back room and rolling up in bed clothing, boots and all, insists on slumbering innocently through all the ensuing racket caused by the scuttling Mongolians until, roused by an energetic shake, he has to open one eye only to take in the contemptuous grin on the face of a police officer bending over him which tells him "it's no go." Our contemporary's editorials on insect powder, how to alight from a tramcar, etc., during the agitation of a life and death issue to the country are as good proof that its silence was a guilty and evasive one as the Chinaman's boots were that he knew more about gambling than night than he did about going to bed.

One is all the more unfavorably impressed by such methods because practised by the representative organ of the party or rather coterie of individuals who claim to have retained a corner on all great moral ideas; because practised by an organ which has headed its insect powder editorials each day during the past thirty days with the motto: Be just and fear not; Let all the ends thou aim'st at be Thy Country's, thy God's and Truth's.

It is not our purpose to review the P. C. A.'s editorial this morning any more than to say that the paper in question has evidently been forced by the present agitation much against its will to show its hand before the elections and to declare itself against any amendments to the constitution.

If recent efforts on this issue shall accomplish nothing more they will not have been made in vain, for if we mistake not the Advertiser during the coming elections but for this agitation would have come out with a lot of shilly-shally talk more or less in favor of an amendment to the distraction of voters, when at heart it was opposed to it and after election day would have attended the funeral of the whole movement only too gladly.

By all means let this agitation be continued. More truth, more light will be the result and this the country needs.

## PUBLIC LANDS.

EDITOR BULLETIN:—As we have attacked the Ministry about its policy in dealing with land questions, in the press, we deem it fair, to instruct the public, through the same medium, of the decision taken by the Minister of Interior to sell as homesteads the Kualua lands in North Kohala, Hawaii. CIVIS.

THE WEEKLY BULLETIN—23 columns, purely local matter—Mailed to foreign countries, \$5 per annum.

## THE NATIVES' JUST RIGHTS.

EDITOR BULLETIN:—I believe myself to be earnestly solicitous that all men should enjoy their just rights, and especially that the aboriginal Hawaiian should possess his just share in the government of the land of his fathers. As an earnest supporter of the electoral provisions of the present constitution, I am subject to the painful accusation by Nemo, the Elele and their partisans, of sharing in the crime of depriving the natives of their just rights. I am strongly in favor of that provision of the constitution which restricts the right of voting for Nobles to persons having \$600 income, or \$3,000 estate. I am utterly unable to see wherein this inflicts any injury or injustice upon native Hawaiians. The Hawaiian never before possessed the privilege of voting for Nobles at all, as they were all appointed by the King. Consequently he has not been robbed of a right which he never possessed. On the contrary many Hawaiians having the requisite property qualification do now enjoy a privilege not formerly theirs.

The outcry of Nemo and his like is made in order to put into plausible form a felt grievance whose real nature is this. The Hawaiian citizen of foreign blood is now put upon a literal and formal equality in voting with the aboriginal citizen. Every citizen of both races is directly represented in the Legislature by means of his own vote for Representatives. In addition, the skilled workers, the men of some little intelligence and ability, have a special representation by means of their votes for Nobles. Hawaiians and haoles are voters alike and on the same terms. This is the real grievance, and all else is fancied and factitious.

But Nemo will urge that herein the haoles hold an immense advantage because the number of skilled haoles earning \$600 greatly exceeds the number of similar natives. This enables the haoles to control one half of the Legislative Assembly. Very well; they have a majority of votes for Representatives, and so control the other half. Nemo probably deems it a great injustice to give the haoles an equal chance with the natives in the control of the government. I do not. I think it is perfectly just and right, especially when intelligence and capacity, as proved by ability to earn luna's or common mechanic's wages, are made the qualification for the privilege complained of. If half control of the Legislature were retained by the alii, or were conferred upon the capitalist, I should strenuously object. If the poor and ignorant citizen were debarred from representation, I should object. But the present arrangement I regard as wholly desirable and beneficial to all concerned. It was a happy day when a pernicious control of more than half the Legislature was wrested from the Sovereign, and the right to choose one half of the House was conferred upon the rank and file of our skilled workers. I desire and hope that natives may fast rise to the exercise of this privilege. But I think that any country is to be commiserated where government is controlled by masses of ignorant and incapable men, under the foolish and fanatical theory of an inherent and universal right to suffrage.

## THE SIZE OF HEAVEN.

Captain J. B. Sharkley, a measurer of vessels in the Boston Custom House, has been devoting his talent to the figures in Revelations in order to arrive at a measurement of Heaven. He takes the statement in Revelations xxi. and figures it out thus:—"And he measured the city with the reed twelve thousand furlongs. The length and the breadth and the height are equal. Twelve thousand furlongs—7,200,000ft. cubed—497,793,088,000,000,000ft. cubed—Reserving one-half of this space for the throne and Court of Heaven, and one-half of the remainder for streets, we have 124,198,273,000,000,000,000 rooms. We will suppose the world did, and always will contain 900,000,000, and that a generation lasts 31 1-8 years, making in all 2,970,000,000 every century, and that the world will last 1,000,000 years, or 10,000 centuries, 29,700,000,000 inhabitants. Now, suppose there are 100 worlds like this, equal in the number of inhabitants and duration of years, a total of 2,970,000,000,000 persons, there would be more than 100 rooms, 16 feet square, for each and every person.

## M. THOMPSON.

author of the Digest of the Laws of the District of Columbia, and author of Treatise on Divorce and Equity; also author of Digest of Hawaiian Supreme Court Decisions (in preparation), and Counselor-Office, corner Fort and Merchant streets, Honolulu, H. I., having discontinued practice in Court, will give his views and opinions in writing—PLAINLY AND FULLY—answering questions of law and facts submitted to him, and supporting his opinions by written statements of law and judicial decisions. 348 1w

## SITUATION WANTED

WANTED a situation by a Practical and Experienced Bookkeeper; best references. Address "A. B." BULLETIN Office. 349 3\*

## WANTED

A SITUATION wanted by a Jap as cook, waiter or gardener. Apply at Japanese Barber Shop, No. 127 Nuu-annu street. 347 1w

## Auction Sales by Lewis J. Levey.

## ASSIGNEE'S SALE!

By order of Messrs. Ed. Hoffschlaeger & Co., Assignees of the Estate of Chung Lee, I will sell at Public Auction, at my Salerooms,

On THURSDAY, Sept. 12, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., The Whole of the Stock of Merchandise belonging to said estate, consisting of

## DRY GOODS,

White & Brown Cottons, Hosiery, Shirts, Clothing, Perfumery, Groceries, Crockery & Glassware, Lamps, Show Cases, Etc., Etc.

## TERMS CASH.

LEWIS J. LEVEY, Auctioneer. 347 3t

## Assignee's Sale!

BY order of JOHN H. PATY, Assignee in

Bankruptcy of Menzies Dickson, I will sell at Public Auction, at my Salerooms, corner Fort and Queen streets,

On WEDNESDAY, Sept. 18, at 12 noon, For Cash,

## 250 SHARES

Of the Capital Stock of the Kawaiiloa Ranch Co.

—OF THE— Par Value of \$100 Each

LEWIS J. LEVEY, Auctioneer. 340 1st

## LOST

A NOTE, No. 561, for \$2, drawn by Hanaia Plantation, Please return to 345 1st HYMAN BROS.

## LOST

ON Saturday last a Lady's Gold Watch and Po, between Hotel and Beretania streets, or on Beretania between Emma and Fort streets. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at the BULLETIN Office. 347 1w

## NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MR. JAS. W. MCGUIRE begs to inform the public in general that he has removed his business office to the store lately occupied by W. Turner, watchmaker, and is prepared to receive all orders in baggage and draying Mutual Telephone No. 53. 347 2\*

## ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed Assignee of the Estate of Richard Cayford, bankrupt, requests all persons having claims against said estate to present same at once duly proven before the Court, and all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment to me at my office, No 91 King street. DAVID DAYTON. 345 4t

## ASSIGNMENT NOTICE.

CHUNG LEE, of Honolulu, having made a voluntary assignment to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors Notice is hereby given that all accounts due to the said Chung Lee should be immediately paid at the office of the undersigned where all accounts should be presented within 30 days from date. ED. HOFFSCHLAEGGER & CO., Assignees of Chung Lee, Honolulu, Sept. 9, 1889. 347 3t

## Hawaiian Tramways Co., (LIMITED).

CONTRACTOR'S OFFICE, Honolulu, Aug. 27, 1889. The accounts of MESSRS. SKINNER & CO. for the construction, equipment and maintenance of the Tramway line and works connected therewith will be closed on the 1st day of October, 1889. All persons having claims against the said firm or their agent under the afore said contract are hereby notified to present them at the above address on or before the said date. Any claims presented after the 8th day of October will have to be forwarded to London. 338 10t

## Supreme Court of the Hawaiian Islands—In Bankruptcy.

IN re ANTONIO F. VIERRA, a Bankrupt. Order on petition of Bankrupt for discharge from debts. Upon reading and filing the petition of ANTONIO F. VIERRA, of Honolulu, Oahu, alleging that more than six months have elapsed since he was adjudicated a bankrupt and praying for a discharge from all his debts. It is ordered that TUESDAY, the 17th day of September, A. D. 1889, at 10 A. M. of that day, at the Court Room in Alii-lani Hall, Honolulu, be and is hereby appointed the time and place for hearing of said petition when and where all creditors who have proved their claims against said Bankrupt may appear and show cause if any they have why the prayer of said Bankrupt should not be granted.

EDWARD PRESTON, Justice Supreme Court. Attest: ALFRED W. CARTER, Second Deputy Clerk. Dated Honolulu, Aug. 31, 1889. 341 9t

## TO ARRIVE!

Per British Bark "Banca," now fully due from Liverpool, an invoice of

## WHITE BROS.

Portland Cement!

For Sale in Quantities to Suit!

F. A. Schaefer & Co.'s. 344 1w

## THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEW YORK

Is the Oldest Active Life Insurance Company in the United States and the Largest in the World!

Its assets Jan. 1st, 1889, amounted to \$125,494,719. Its insurance in force was \$482,125,184 and the computed Reserve Fund which with future premiums and interest is required for paying the same, at the maturity of the policies or the death of the assured, was \$117,607,078, thus leaving a clear surplus for future dividends to policy holders of \$7,887,639.

This Company has no capital stock. It is purely Mutual. All the accumulations belong to its members, and all the profits go to its policy holders who have received since 1863, the sum of \$78,878,476.82 in dividends earned by their policies. In the same period it has also paid \$88,480,963.57 in death claims; \$24,669,604.45 in matured endowments and \$594,548.27 in annuities to living members; and besides \$68,599,139.66 have been allowed for the value of discontinued policies purchased by the Company. In all since 1863, \$261,222,732.77 have been returned to policy holders.

This amount is Twice as Large as the returns made by any other life insurance company in the world during the period named.

## An Investment Returning 6 Per Cent. Compound Interest.

To illustrate the point pertaining to the investment of funds and the return to the policy holder, the following illustration is given:

This is a statement of a single premium life policy issued by this company in 1863:

Policy No. 28,342.	Single Premium Life.	1863.
Amount \$10,000.	Age 38.	Premium \$4,077.00.
Face of Policy.....		\$10,000 00
Additions Credited.....		\$7,716 57
Additions Surrendered.....		1,548 57
Balance of Additions.....		6,168 00
Present Value of Policy as a Claim.....		\$16,168 00
Premium.....		\$4,077 00
Cash Dividends Withdrawn.....		939 34
Net Amount Paid by Insured.....		3,137 66
Value as a Claim in Excess of Amount Paid.....		\$13,030 34

The existing additions amount to nearly 200 per cent. of the net amount paid by the insured, and the insured has realized 6 per cent. compound interest on his investment.

With conditions quite as favorable to them as to the Mutual, no one of its would-be rivals has ever equaled this result.

A. D. THOMAS, Executive Special Agent the Mutual Life Ins. Co.

## Auction Sales by James F. Morgan.

## AUCTION SALE

—OF— Horses & Carriages

On Friday, Sept. 13th, AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON.

At my Saleroom, Queen street, I will sell at Public Auction,

3 Mares, Broken to Harness;

1 Horse, Broken to Saddle;

2 Express Wagons,

1 2-Seat Buggy,

1 Single Seat Buggy.

JAS. F. MORGAN, Auctioneer. 349 2t

## Household Furniture

AT AUCTION. On FRIDAY, Sept. 13th, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

At my Saleroom, Queen street, I will sell at Public Auction, a large lot of

Household Furniture:

—Comprising—

1 Square Piano,

(Berry Maker);

Black Walnut C. S. Chairs,

Bedroom Sets,

Mattresses, Mosquito Nets,

Rattan Sofas and Chairs,

Chandeliers & Lamps,

Veranda Chairs,

Bureaus, Center Table,

B. W. Sideboard!

Black Walnut Dining Table,

Dining Room Chairs!

Cooking Stove,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

JAS. F. MORGAN, Auctioneer. 348 3t

## Household Furniture

AT AUCTION. On SATURDAY, Sept. 14, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

At the residence of Mrs. W. E. WALL, No. 119 Beretania street, corner Alapai street, I will sell at Public Auction,

The Entire House'd Furniture

—Comprising—

1 Square Piano,

(T. S. Berry & Co. makers);

Marble-top Center Table,

Chandeliers, Lamps,

Curtains, Pictures,

2 Zither Tables, Chairs,

Single & Double Bedsteads,

One Marble-top Bedroom Set,

Meat Safe,

Refrigerator,

Step Ladder,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

JAS. F. MORGAN, Auctioneer. 349 3t

## Dr. A. B. CARTER,

Has opened an office at the "Chamberlain Homestead," opposite Kawaiahaeo Seminary.

Office Hours: 7 to 9 A. M., 12 to 3 P. M. and 6 to 8 P. M. 347 1w

## YOU MAN'S CELEBRATED

## New York Stiff &amp; Opera Hats!

Best in the World!

NEW FALL STYLES JUST RECEIVED!

M. GOLDBERG, Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

341 1m

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This is the only CASH REGISTER that has a Self-adding Attachment which shows the total amount of sales at any moment.

Everybody needs one and nobody can afford to be without one.

C. O. BERGER, Sole Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

336 1m

## PIANOS JUST ARRIVED PIANOS

Westermayer's Celebrated Uprights!

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR THIS CLIMATE.

J. & C. FISCHER PIANOS!

BOUDOIR UPRIGHTS & CABINET UPRIGHTS.

Other PIANOS of Well-known American Factories on the Way.

—FOR SALE AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES BY—

Ed. HOFFSCHLAEGGER & Co.,

King and Bethel Streets. 325 1m

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Renowned for Tone and Durability!

80,000 In Use! GUARANTEED FOR 5 YEARS. {Established 1840

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CARL ZERRAHN, IVAN E. MOROWSKI,

KARL MERZ, AUG. HOFFMAN,

EUGENE THAYER, ADOLF GLOS,

CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG, AND MANY OTHERS,

MUSIC DEPARTMENT—

HAWAIIAN NEWS CO.,

Sole Agents for the Hawaiian Islands. 321 1m

## B. F. EHLERS &amp; CO.

JUST RECEIVED PER S. S. "AUSTRALIA"

New SATEENS, SEERSUCKERS & PRINTS,

Laces & Embroideries,

IN GREAT VARIETY AT VERY LOW PRICES.

Dressmaking Department under the management of MISS CLARK.